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- Point, Line, Line Segment $\qquad$


## Ray, Plane

| Point | A point is a geometric element that has no/zero dimensions. | - M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Line | A line is a collection of points along a straight path with no definite end points. | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ |
| Line segment | A line segment is a part of a line with two end points and thus can be measured. | $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ |
| Ray | A ray is a line with one end point and extends to infinity in one direction. It cannot be measured. | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\mathrm{M}}$ |
| Plane | A plane is a flat surface that extends endlessly in all directions. |  |
| Collinear points | Points that lie on a straight line are called collinear points. |  |

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## Ray, Plane

| Parallel lines | Lines which do not intersect each other and are same distance apart are called parallel lines. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Perpendicular lines | Perpendicular lines cross each other to form square corners. |  |
| Intersecting lines | Two lines which cross each other, and have a point in common are called intersecting lines. |  |
| Concurrent lines | Three or more lines which pass through the same point are called concurrent lines. |  |

